

API Blender

A Uniform Interface to Social Platform APIs

{georges.gouriten, pierre.senellart}
@telecom-paristech.fr

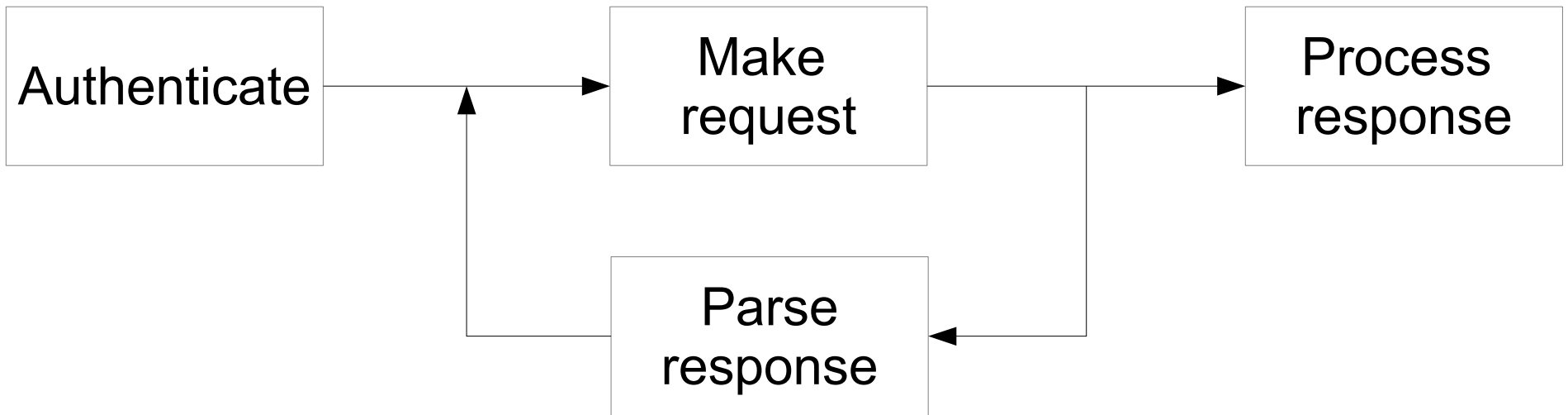


Outline

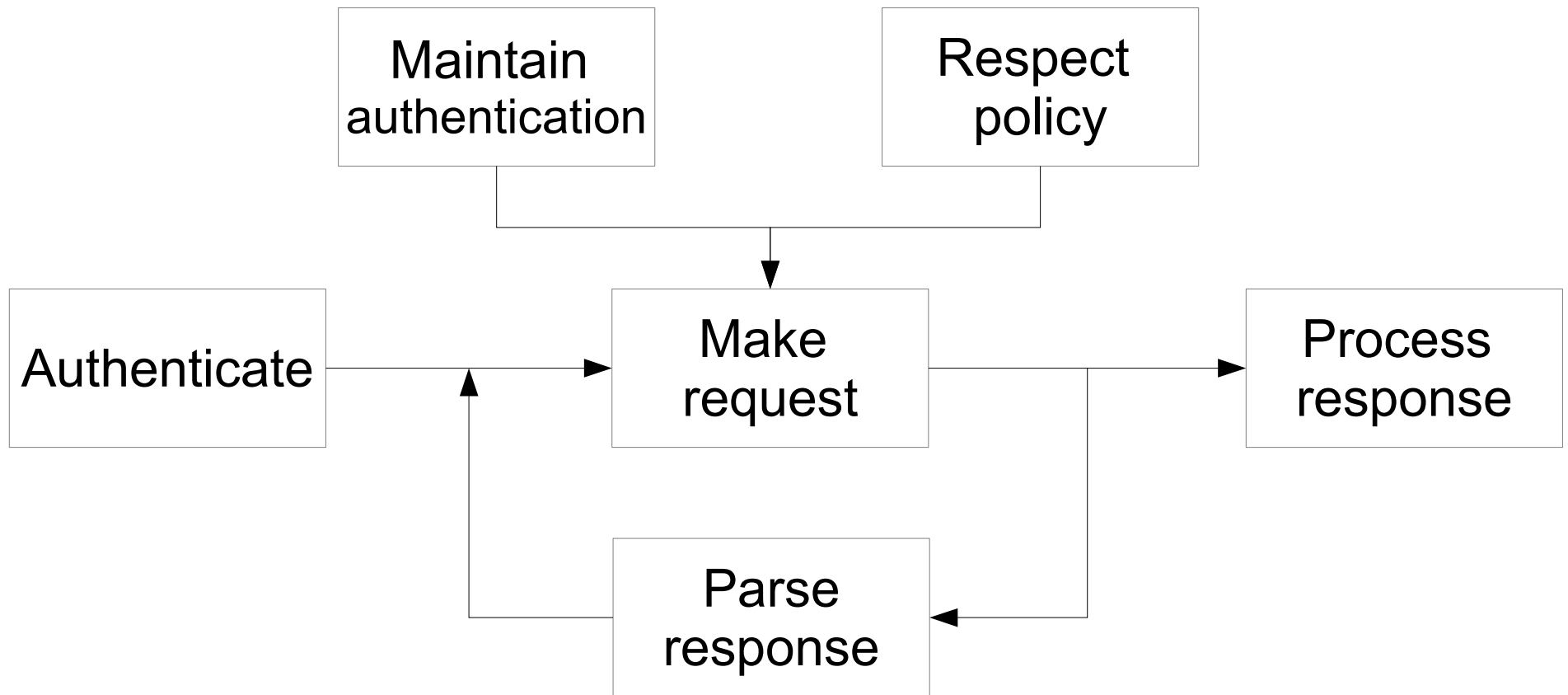
Interacting with social platforms ...

is usually painful, ...

but API Blender makes it easy!



Generic interactions with a Web API



Generic interactions with a Web API



Graph API - Facebook Dev

developers.facebook.com/docs/reference/api/

facebook DEVELOPERS

Getting Started

Core Concepts

- Social Design
- Social Plugins
- Open Graph
- Social Channels
- Authentication
- Graph API**
- Advanced Topics
- SDK Reference
- Tools

Graph API
Core Concepts > Graph API

At Facebook's core is the social graph; people and the connections they have to everything they care about. The Graph API presents a simple, consistent view of the Facebook social graph, uniformly representing objects in the graph (e.g., people, photos, events, and pages) and the connections between them (e.g., friend relationships, shared content, and photo tags).

Every object in the social graph has a unique ID. You can access the properties of an object by requesting `https://graph.facebook.com/ID`. For example, the official page for the Facebook Platform has id 1929286852, so you can fetch the object at `https://graph.facebook.com/1929286852`:

```
{
  "name": "Facebook Platform",
  "website": "http://developers.facebook.com",
  "username": "platform",
  "founded": "May 2007",
  "company_overview": "Facebook Platform enables anyone to build...",
  "mission": "To make the web more open and social.",
  "products": "Facebook Application Programming Interface (API)...",
  "likes": 449921,
  "id": 1929286852,
  "category": "Technology"
}
```

Alternatively, people and pages with usernames can be accessed using their username as an ID. Since "platform" is the username for the page above, `https://graph.facebook.com/platform` will return what you expect. All responses are JSON objects.

Documentation Twitter

https://dev.twitter.com/docs

twitter developers

Home

Documentation

Getting Started with the Twitter Platform is easy. Jump right into the API resource documentation, explore the developer console, or create an app.

Getting Started

- Getting Started with the Twitter Platform
- Twitter API FAQ
- JSON Parsing & Tweet IDs
- The Loq URL Wrapper
- Connecting to the API using SSL
- Developer Console

Twitter for Websites

Easily embed Twitter functionality, encourage your users to share content on Twitter, and increase your audience reach with Twitter for Websites.

- Tweet Button
- Follow Button

The REST API

The REST API provides simple interfaces for most Twitter functionality.

- Comprehensive Resource Documentation
- Using the Twitter Search API and GET search
- Tweet Entities
- Things to know about the REST API
- History of the REST and Search APIs
- Rate Limiting & Rate Limiting FAQ
- Error Codes & Responses
- Explore the API with Tools & Consoles
- Finding Tweets about Places
- Working with Timelines

Google+ API - Google+ Platform

https://developers.google.com/+/api/

Google Developers

Google+ Platform

Overview

Plugins

Hangouts API

REST API

Overview

People

Activities

Comments

OAuth

Downloads

Release Notes

Discussions

Blog

Best Practices

Office Hours

Google+ API

The Google+ API is the programming interface to Google+. You can use the API to retrieve data from within your application. To learn more, see [OAuth](#).

Note: The Google+ API currently provides read-only access to data.

Quota

Applications are limited to a courtesy usage quota. This should be used for testing purposes. To see the courtesy limit and to request a higher limit, see [Quota](#).

Authorization

Many API calls require that the user of your application grant permissions to your application. To learn more, see [OAuth](#).

API Calls

Most of the Google+ API follows a RESTful API design, meaning that you might send an HTTP request like:

API v2.0 - Audience - YouTube

https://developers.google.com/youtube/v2.0/developers_guide_protocol_audience

Google Developers

YouTube

flickr.com/services/api/

flickr

Home You Organize & Create Contacts Groups Explore Upload

The App Garden

Create an App API Documentation Feeds What is the App Garden?

The Flickr API is available for non-commercial use by outside developers. Commercial use is possible by prior arrangement.

Read these first:

- Developer Guide
- Overview
- Encoding
- User Authentication

- Dates
- Tags
- URLs
- Buddyicons

- Flickr APIs Terms of Use

- API Keys
- Developers' mailing list

Photo Upload API

API Methods

activity

- flickr.activity.userComments
- flickr.activity.userPhotos

auth

- flickr.auth.checkToken
- flickr.auth.getFrob
- flickr.auth.getFullToken
- flickr.auth.getToken

auth.oauth

- flickr.auth.oauth.checkToken
- flickr.auth.oauth.getAccessToken

blogs

- flickr.blogs.getList

form functions normally executed on the YouTube website. The API enables your application to search for YouTube videos and video responses. In addition, the API lets your application upload videos to YouTube or update existing videos. Your applications, user profiles and more. Finally, your application can submit authenticated requests to enable users to create playlists, etc.

who are writing client applications that interact with YouTube. It provides examples of basic API operations using raw HTTP requests. Developers may prefer to read the language-specific developer guides that explain how to use the client libraries for those languages.

the general principles behind the [Google Data APIs protocol](#). Google Data APIs provide a simple, standard protocol for the APIs are based on the Atom 1.0 and RSS 2.0 syndication formats as well as the Atom Publishing Protocol.

sections:

different authentication methods available for associating API operations with a specific user account. This section also applies to the YouTube Data API and other Google Data APIs. Throughout this documentation, explanations of specific API actions requires user authentication.

section provides a sample API response and explains how to extract information about a single video from a list of videos. It illustrates how the XML elements in a YouTube Data API response correspond to the video information typically displayed in the API request format for updating an individual video entry.

flickr.photos.search

Return a list of photos matching some criteria. Only photos visible to the calling user will be returned. To return private or semi-private photos, the caller must be authenticated with 'read' permissions, and have permission to view the photos. Unauthenticated calls will only return public photos.

Authentication

This method does not require authentication.



Arguments

api_key (Required)

Your API application key. [See here](#) for more details.

user_id (Optional)

The NSID of the user whose photo to search. If this parameter isn't passed then everybody's public photos will be searched. A value of "me" will search against the calling user's photos for authenticated calls.

tags (Optional)

A comma-delimited list of tags. Photos with one or more of the tags listed will be returned. You can exclude results that match a term by prepending it with a - character.

tag_mode (Optional)

Either 'any' for an OR combination of tags, or 'all' for an AND combination. Defaults to 'any' if not specified.

text (Optional)

A free text search. Photos whose title, description or tags contain the text will be returned. You can exclude results that match a term by prepending it with a - character.

min_upload_date (Optional)

Minimum upload date. Photos with an upload date greater than or equal to this value will be returned. The date can be in the form of a unix timestamp or mysql datetime.

max_upload_date (Optional)

Maximum upload date. Photos with an upload date less than or equal to this value will be returned. The date can be in the form of a unix timestamp or mysql datetime.

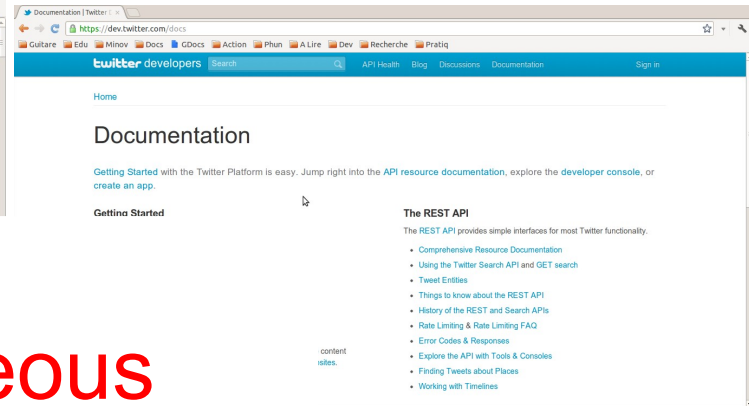
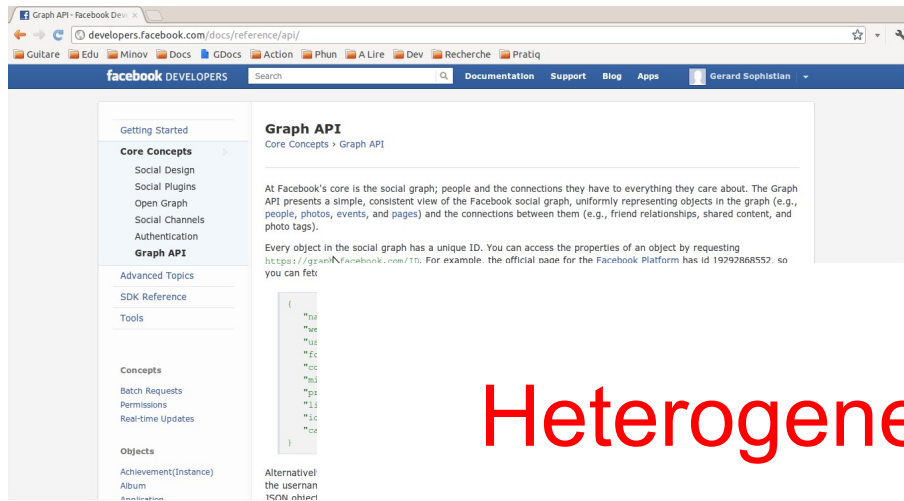
Graph API

Core Concepts > Graph API

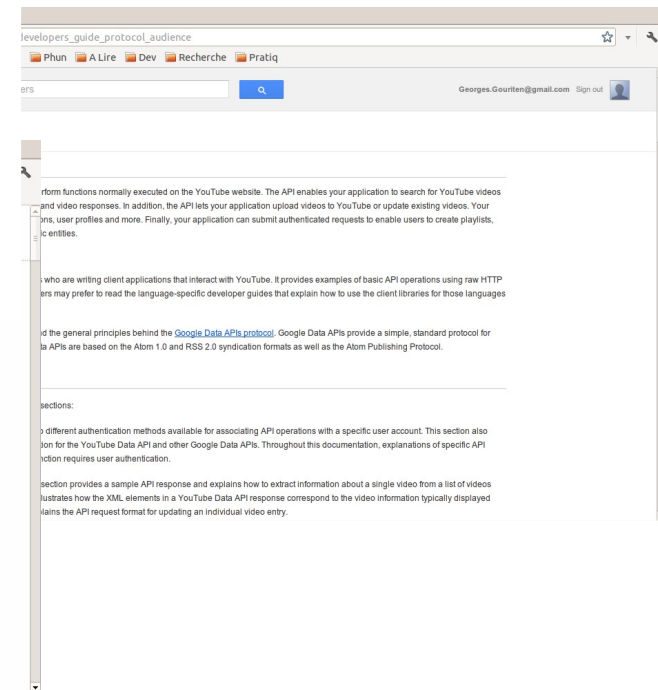
At Facebook's core is the social graph; people and the connections they have to everything they care about. The Graph API presents a simple, consistent view of the Facebook social graph, uniformly representing objects in the graph (e.g., [people](#), [photos](#), [events](#), and [pages](#)) and the connections between them (e.g., friend relationships, shared content, and photo tags).

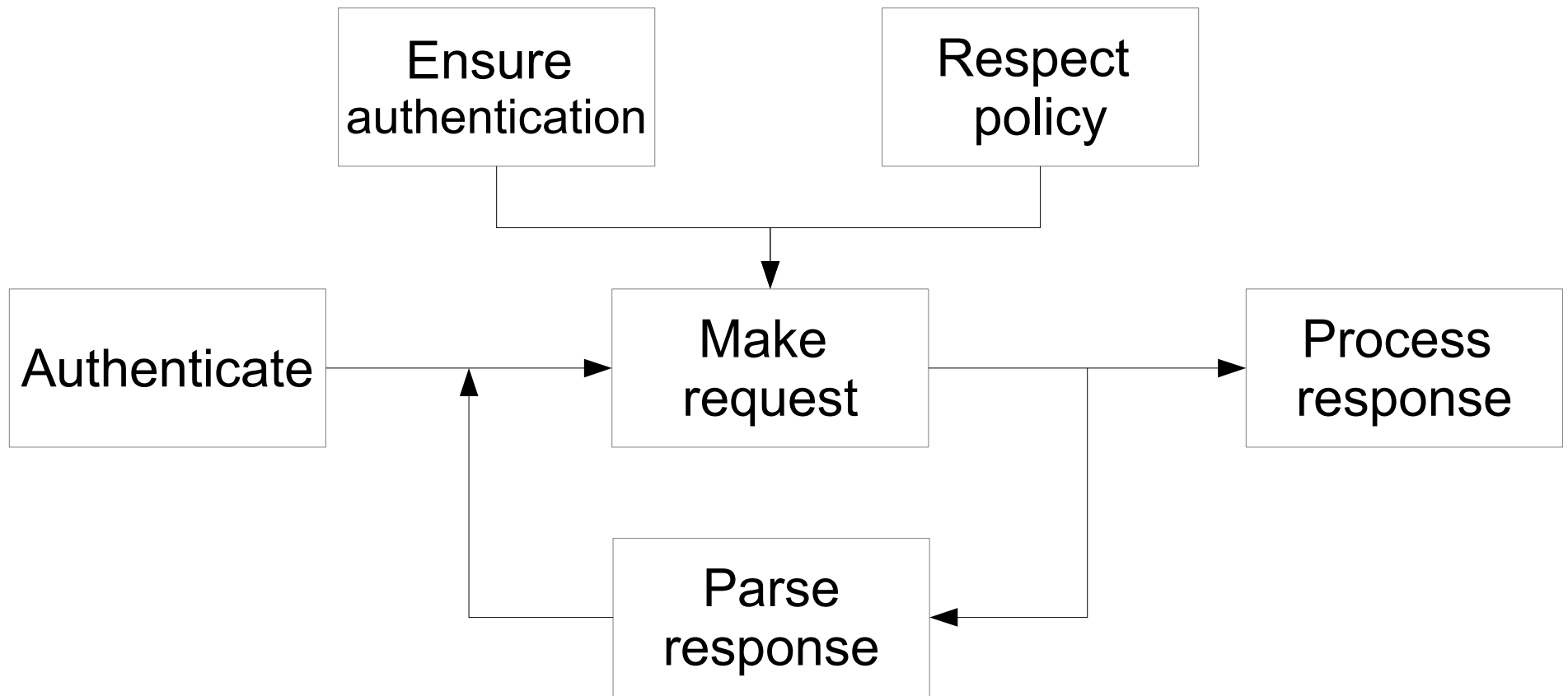
Every object in the social graph has a unique ID. You can access the properties of an object by requesting <https://graph.facebook.com/ID>. For example, the official page for the [Facebook Platform](#) has id 19292868552, so you can fetch the object at <https://graph.facebook.com/19292868552>:

```
{
  "name": "Facebook Platform",
  "website": "http://developers.facebook.com",
  "username": "platform",
  "founded": "May 2007",
  "company_overview": "Facebook Platform enables anyone to build...",
  "mission": "To make the web more open and social.",
  "products": "Facebook Application Programming Interface (API)...",
  "likes": 449921,
  "id": 19292868552,
  "category": "Technology"
}
```

Heterogeneous
Sometimes obscure
Error-prone





Generic interaction with a Web service

Home-made development

What most people do

Redundant efforts



What about collective efforts?

Top-down

WSDL
WADL



Error 404

Bottom-up

Spring Social
SPORE-DL



Promising direction

API Blender

Social Web APIs description files

Python implementation

API Blender

Social Web APIs description files

Python implementation

Lightweight social Web API description format

```
{  
  "name": "twitter-search",  
  "host": "search.twitter.com",  
  "port": 80,  
  "authentication": authentication_object,  
  "policy": policy_object,  
  "interactions": [interaction_object]  
}
```

Simple Authentication

```
{  
  “type”: “simple”,  
  “path”: “/oauth/access_token”,  
  “parameters”: {  
    “client_id”: “x2836”,  
    “client_secret”: “z45725”,  
    “grant_type”: “client_credentials”  
  }  
}
```


Oauth Authentication

```
{  
  “type”: “oauth”,  
  “consumer_key”: “x4565482s”,  
  “consumer_secret”: “tsouintsouin”,  
  “request_token_url”: “https://api.twitt...”,  
  “access_token_url”: “https://api.twitt...”,  
  “authorize_url”: “https://api.twitt...”  
}
```

Policy

```
{  
  "active": true,  
  "requests_per_hour": 400,  
  "too_many_calls_response_code": 420,  
  "too_many_calls_waiting_seconds": 600  
}
```

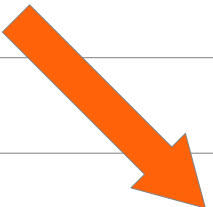
Interaction

```
{  "name": "search",
  "description": "search for tweets",
  "request": {
    "url_root_path": "/search.json",
    "method": "GET",
    "url_params": [
      [ "q", "string", false, null ],
      [ "rpp", "int", true, 100 ],
    ]
  },
  "response": {
    "expected_status_code": 200,
    "serialization_format": "JSON",
    "extractor": extractor_object  } }
```

Extractor

```
{  
  "data.field1": "mydata.there.fieldx",  
  "data.field2": "mydata.there.fieldy"  
}
```

```
“data”: {  
  “field1”: <field1_value>,  
  “field2”: <field2_value>  
}
```



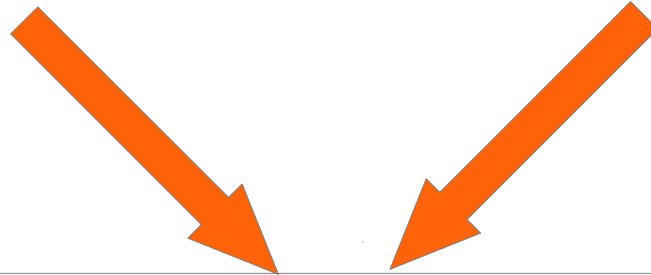
```
{ “data.field1”: “mydata.there.fieldx”,  
  “data.field2”: “mydata.there.fieldy” }
```



```
“mydata”: {  
  “there”: {  
    “fieldx”: <field1_value>  
    “fieldy”: <field2_value>  
  }  
}
```

```
“results”: {  
  “from_user”: ...  
}
```

```
“data”: {  
  “from”: {  
    “name”: ...  
  }  
}
```



```
“posts”: {  
  “user_name”: ...  
}
```

Lightweight social Web API description format

```
{  
  "name": "twitter-search",  
  "host": "search.twitter.com",  
  "port": 80,  
  "authentication": authentication_object,  
  "policy": policy_object,  
  "interactions": [interaction_object]  
}
```

API Blender

Social Web APIs description files

Python implementation

Standard library
of Web APIs

Config files
(auth, extractors)



Python implementation



github.com/netiru/apiblender

How the apiblender works (1)

```
import apiblender
```

```
blender = apiblender.Blender()
```

```
blender.list_servers()
```

```
    .load_server('flickr')
```

```
    .list_interactions()
```

```
    .load_interaction('photos_search')
```

How the apiblender works (2)

```
blender.list_url_params()
```

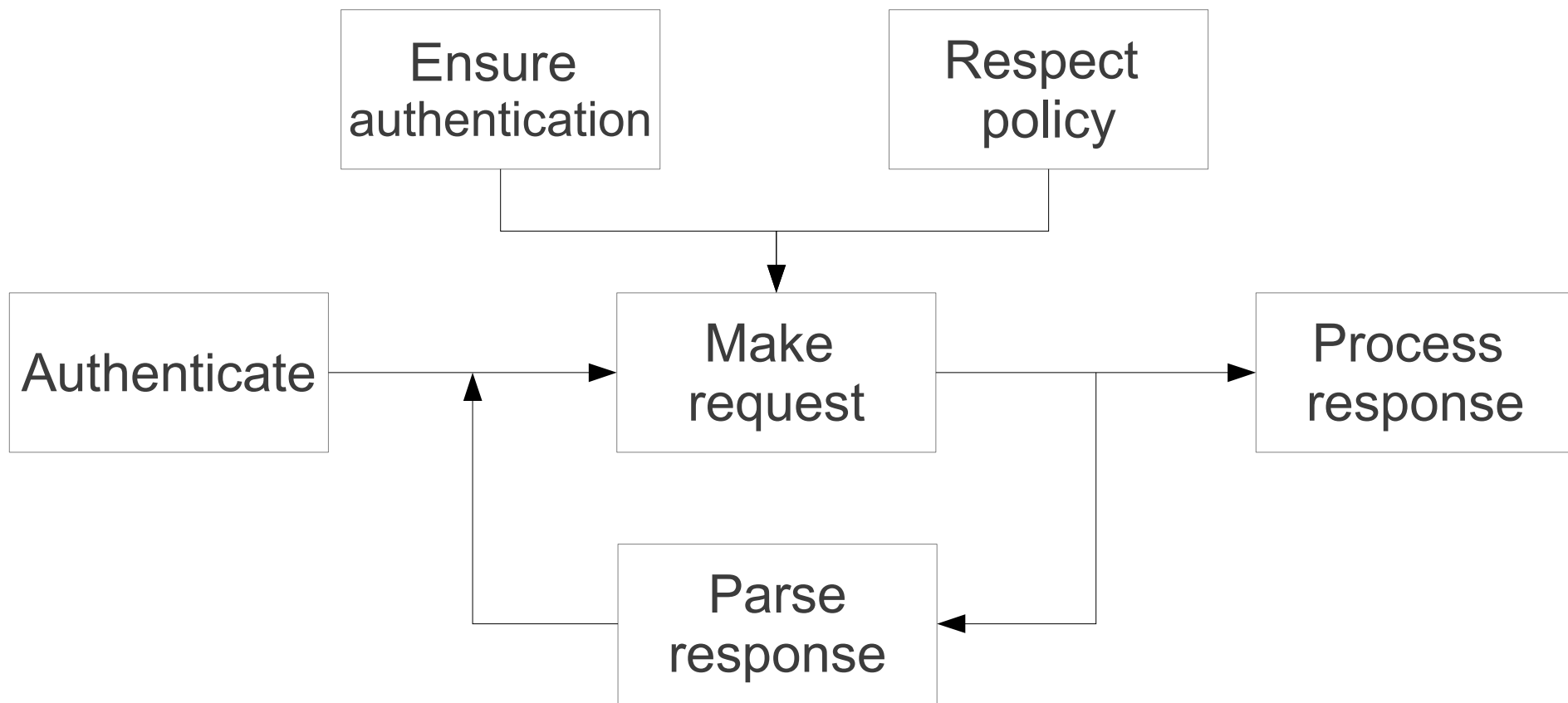
```
blender.set_url_params({'tags': 'good spirit'})
```

```
result = blender.blend()
```

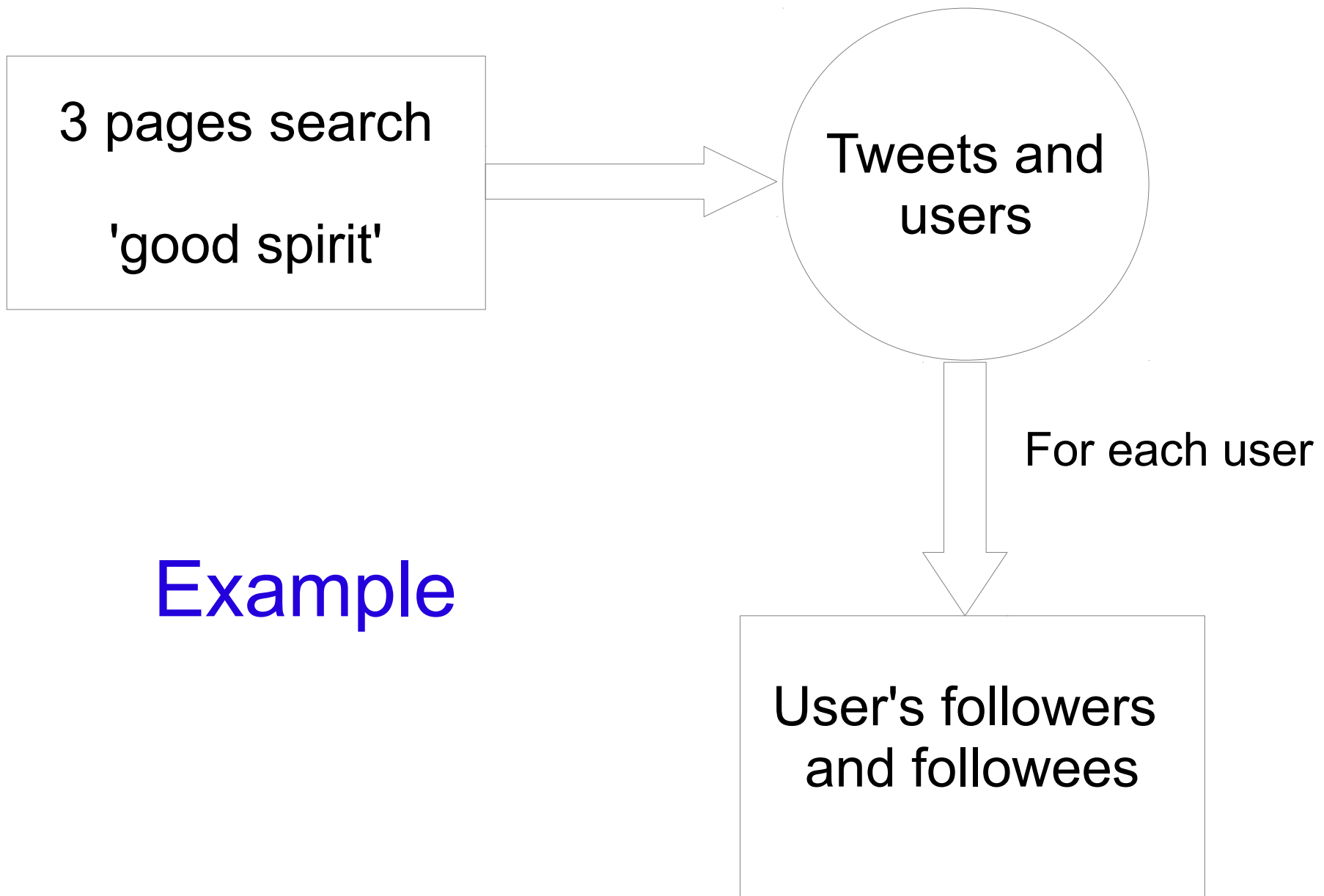
```
result['raw_content']
```

```
result['prepared_content']
```

```
result['headers']
```



Generic interaction with a Web service



Interactions made easy (1)

```
blender.load_server("twitter-search")
blender.load_interaction("search")

users = set()
for p in range(1,3):
    blender.set_url_params({"q": 'good spirit',
                           "page": p })
    response=blender.blend()
    results=response['raw_content']['results']
    for twitt in results:
        users.add(twitt['from_user'])
```

Interactions made easy (2)

```
blender.load_server("twitter-generic")

for user in users:
    blender.load_interaction('followers')
    blender.set_url_params({"screen_name":
                           user})
    followers = blender.blend()
```

demo

Summary

Policy management
Persistent authentication
Data integration

User-friendly interactions
chaining

Coming soon

> 5 APIs (and more methods)

Request chaining libraries

It's open source!

github.com/netiru/apiblender/